

Weekly Report of CNCERT

Key Findings

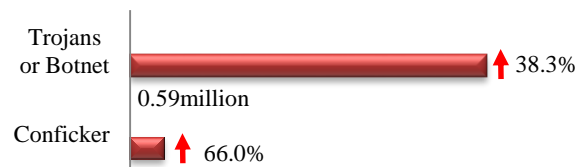


Infected Computers in Mainland China	• 0.65 Million	↑ 40.3%
Defaced Websites in Mainland China	• 3,548	↓ 10.6%
Defaced gov.cn	• 15	↓ 16.7%
Backdoored Websites in Mainland China	• 1,366	↓ 6.5%
Backdoored gov.cn	• 3	↓ 50.0%
Phishing Webpages Targeting Websites in Mainland China	• 15,693	↓ 11.9%
New Vulnerabilities Collected by CNVD	• 381	↑ 26.6%
High-risk Vulnerabilities	• 135	↑ 8.9%

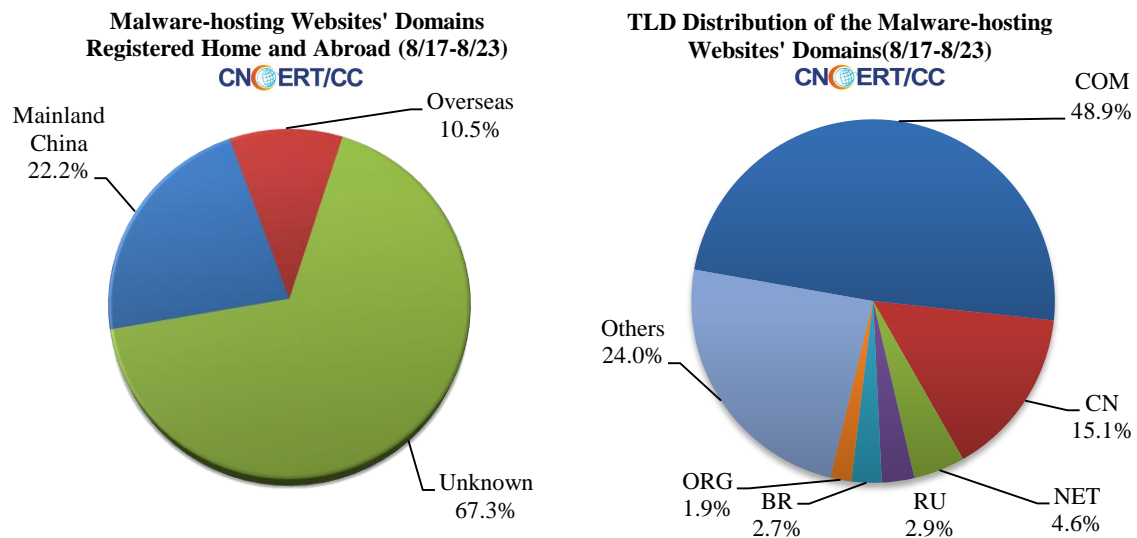
— marks the same number as last week; ↑ marks an increase from last week; ↓ marks a decrease from last week

Malware Activities

The infected computers in mainland China amounted to about 0.65 million, among which about 0.59 million were controlled by Trojans or Botnets and about 0.06 million by Confickers.



The malware-hosting websites is the jumping-off place for malware propagation. The malware-hosting websites monitored by CNCERT this week involved 2,325 domains and 6,324 IP addresses. Among the 2,325 malicious domains, 10.5% of them were registered abroad, 53.5% of their TLDs fell into the category of .com. Among the 6,324 IP addresses, 66.7% were registered abroad. Based on our analysis of the malware-hosting website's URLs, the majority of them were accessed via domain name, and only 285 were accessed directly via IPs.



In terms of the malicious domain names and IPs either monitored by CNCERT or sourced from the reporting members, CNCERT has actively coordinated the domain registrars and other related agencies to handle them. Moreover, the blacklist of these malicious domains and IPs has been published on the website of Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA).

The URL of ANVA for Publishing the Blacklist of Malicious Domains and IPs.

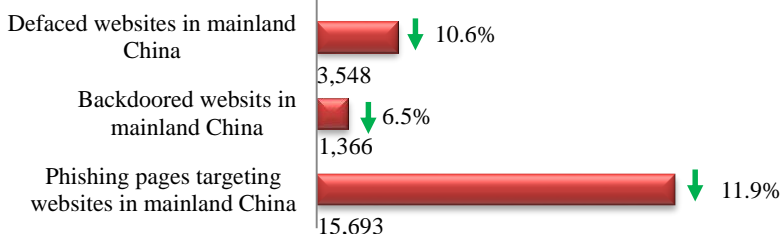
<http://www.anva.org.cn/virusAddress/listBlack>

Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA) is an industry alliance that was initiated by Network and Information security Committee under Internet Society of China (ISC) and has been operated by CNCERT.

Website Security

This week, CNCERT monitored

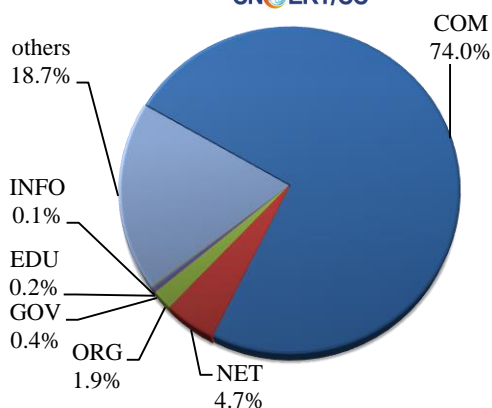
3,548 defaced websites in mainland China and 1,366 websites planted with backdoors and 15,693 phishing web pages (The figure comes mainly from online certification of ETC) targeting websites in mainland China.



This week, the backdoors were installed into 15(0.4%) government (gov.cn) websites, a decrease of 16.7% from last week. The backdoors were installed into 3(0.2%) government (gov.cn) websites, a decrease of 50.0% from last week.

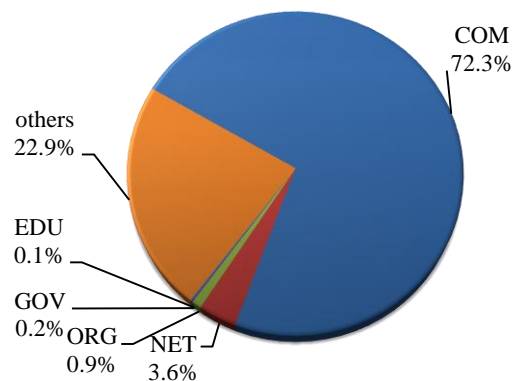
Defaced Websites in Mainland China (8/17-8/23)

CNERT/CC



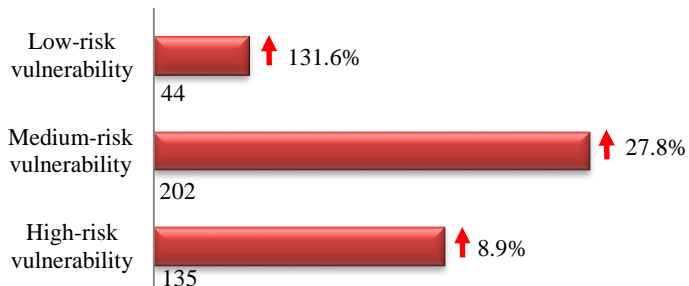
Domain Categories of the Backdoored Websites in Mainland China (8/17-8/23)

CNERT/CC

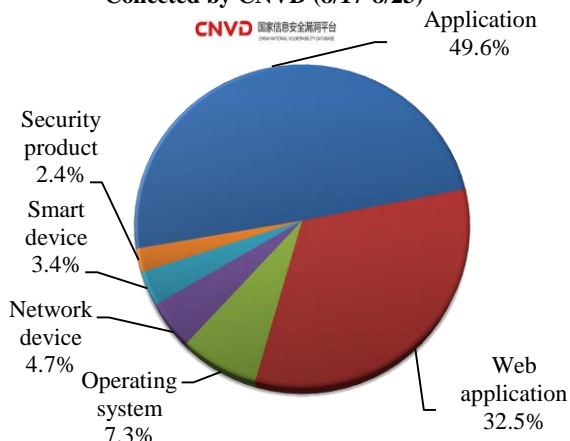


Vulnerabilities

This week, China National Vulnerability Database (CNVD) recorded 381 new vulnerabilities. This week's overall vulnerability severity was evaluated as medium.



Objectives Affected by the Vulnerabilities Collected by CNVD (8/17-8/23)



The Application was most frequently affected by these vulnerabilities collected by CNVD, followed by Web application and Operating system.

For more details about the vulnerabilities, please review CNVD Weekly Vulnerability Report.

The URL of CNVD for Publishing Weekly Vulnerability Report

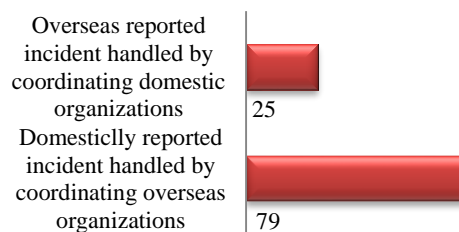
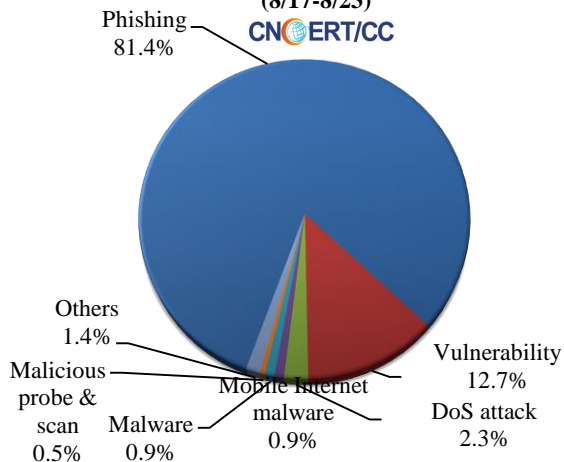
<http://www.cnvd.org.cn/webinfo/list?type=4>

China National Vulnerability Database (CNVD) was established by CNCERT, together with control systems, ISPs, ICPs, network security vendor, software producers and internet enterprises for sharing information on vulnerabilities.

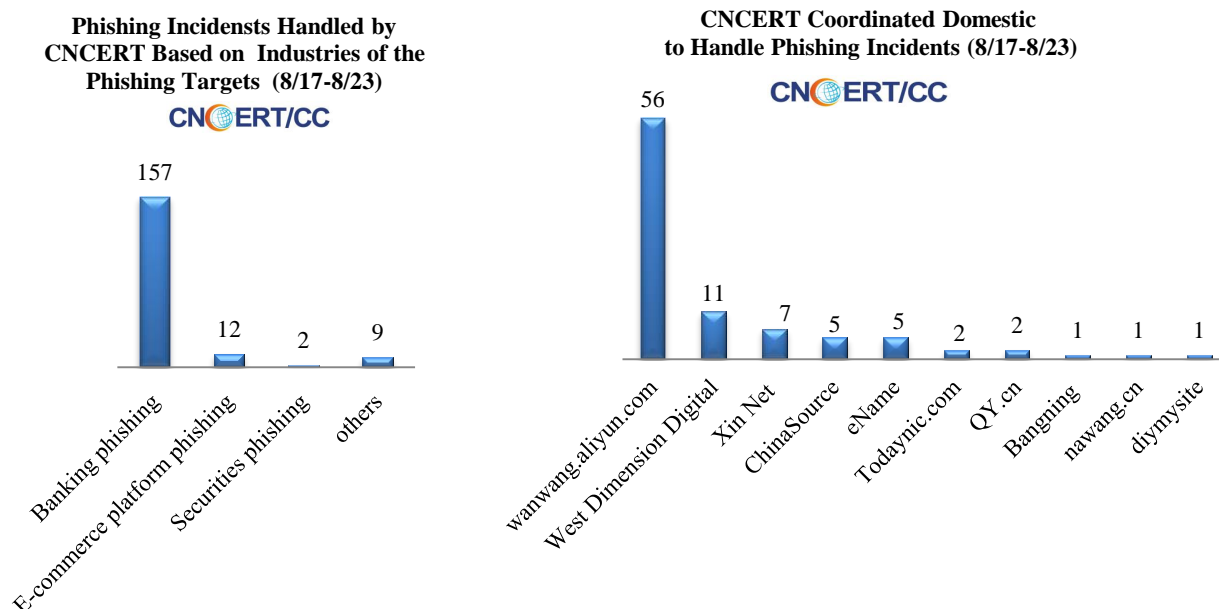
Incident Handling

This week, CNCERT has handled 221 network security incidents, 104 of which were cross-border ones, by coordinating ISPs, domain registrars, mobile phone application stores, branches of CNCERT and our international partners.

Types of the Incidents Handled by CNCERT (8/17-8/23)

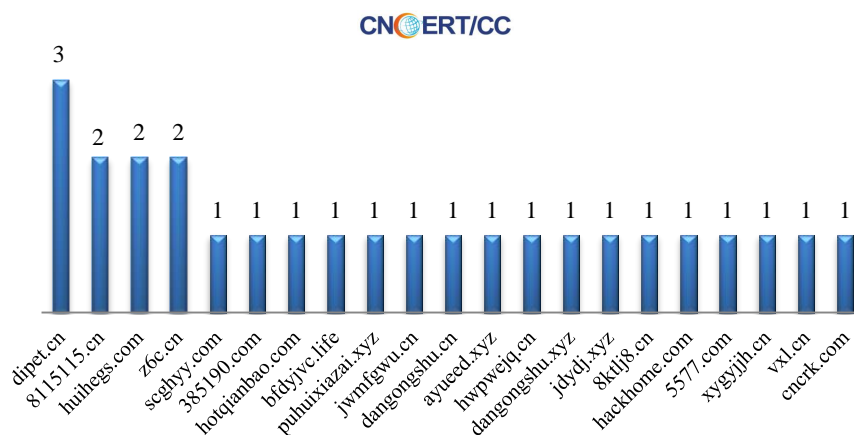


Specifically, CNCERT has coordinated domestic and overseas domain registrars, international CERTs and the other organizations to handle 180 phishing incidents. Based on industries that these phishing targets belong to, there were 157 banking phishing incidents, 12 e-commerce platform incidents, 2 securities phishing incidents and 9 other incidents.



CNCERT Coordinated Mobile Phone Application Stores to Handle Mobile Malware (8/17-8/23)

This week, CNCERT has coordinated 21 mobile phone application stores and malware-injected domains to handle 26 malicious URLs of the mobile malware.



About CNCERT

The National Computer network Emergency Response Technical Team / Coordination Center of China (CNCERT or CNCERT/CC) is a non-governmental, non-profitable organization of network security technical coordination. Since its foundation in Sep.2002, CNCERT has dedicated to carrying out the work of preventing, detecting, warning and handling China network security incidents under the policy of “positive prevention, timely detection, prompt response, guaranteed recovery”, to maintain the safety of China public Internet and ensure the safe operation of the information network infrastructures and the vital information systems. Branches of CNCERT spread in 31 provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities in mainland China.

CNCERT is active in developing international cooperation and is a window of network security incidents handling to the world. As a full member of the famous international network security cooperative organization FIRST and one of the initiators of APCERT, CNCERT devotes itself to building a prompt response and coordination handling mechanism of cross-border network security incidents. By 2019, CNCERT has established “CNCERT International Partners” relationships with 260 organizations from 78 countries or regions.

Contact us

Should you have any comments or suggestions on the Weekly Report of CNCERT, please contact our editors.

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